

Reach Every Mother and Child Act (H.R.4022 / S.1730)

The Problem:

- Despite the fact that, in the last 25 years, deaths of mothers and children under five globally have been nearly cut in half, every day approximately 800 women, almost entirely from developing countries, die from preventable causes related to pregnancy and childbirth.
- The risk of a woman dying in childbirth is 47 times higher in Africa than in the United States and more than 17,000 children under five years old will die each day of treatable conditions.

The Solution: The bipartisan Reach Every Mother and Child Act will strengthen the U.S. government's efforts to end the preventable deaths of mothers, newborns and young children in developing countries by:

- Requiring a five-year, comprehensive strategy with specific, measurable goals to end preventable maternal, newborn and child deaths by 2030;
- Designating a current U.S. Agency for International Development (USAID) employee to serve as the **Maternal and Child Survival Coordinator**, focused on implementing strategies to ensure that the most effective interventions are scaled up in target countries; and
- Requiring the Executive Branch to develop a **financing framework** to leverage commitments from the private sector, nonprofits, partner countries and multinational organizations.

Other Noteworthy Facts

- H.R.4022 was introduced into the House by Rep. Dave Reichert (R-WA-8) along with Reps. McCollum (D-MN-4), Barbara Lee (D-CA-13), and Daniel Donovan (R-NY-11),
- S.1730 was introduced into the Senate by Sen. Susan Collins (R-ME) along with Sens. Chris Coons (D-DE), Jerry Moran (R-KS), Jeanne Shaheen (D-NH), Marco Rubio (R-FL), Richard Blumenthal (D-CT), Mike Enzi (R-WY), Johnny Isakson (R-GA), Richard Durbin (D-IL), and Chris Murphy (D-CT).
- A previous version of the bill (H.R.3706 / S.1911) gained strong bipartisan support in the 114th session, with 218 co-sponsors for the House version and 35 co-sponsors for the Senate version.