



Humanitarian Priorities for Gaza

Stop Arming the Current Government in Israel

The United States has a responsibility to ensure that U.S.-provided weapons are used in accordance with international humanitarian law and do not contribute to civilian harm. In the House, lawmakers can support the **Block the Bombs Act (H.R. 3565)**, which would restrict the transfer of specific offensive weapons systems, including BLU-109 bunker-busting bombs, JDAM guidance kits and 155mm artillery rounds. In the Senate, lawmakers can support future **Joint Resolutions of Disapproval (JRDs)** to block transfers of offensive weapons. Although recent Senate resolutions to block the transfer of 1,000-pound bombs and D9 military bulldozers did not pass, they received substantial support and demonstrated growing concern over civilian casualties and the use of U.S.-supplied weapons.

Expand Medical Evacuations and Humanitarian Access

According to the World Health Organization, more than **18,500 patients, including approximately 4,000 children, require urgent medical evacuation** for treatment unavailable in Gaza. Medical evacuations were largely paused between late February and March 2026, creating a growing backlog of patients awaiting treatment. While evacuations have resumed, humanitarian organizations report that the current pace remains far below what is needed. We urge Congress to push the State Department to:

- Work with Israeli authorities to reopen the medical corridor between Gaza and the East Jerusalem Hospital Network (EJHN);
- Facilitate medical evacuations for critically ill and injured Palestinians;
- Work with Israeli authorities and international partners to rebuild accessible hospitals and medical infrastructure;
- Secure unimpeded humanitarian access for medical supplies, food and water

Justice for Hind Rajab Act (S.4095 / H.R. 7903)

On January 29, 2024, five-year-old Hind Rajab was killed in Gaza after the vehicle carrying her and six family members came under fire from an IDF tank. Two paramedics attempting to rescue her were also killed. The Justice for Hind Rajab Act seeks to strengthen accountability for attacks on civilians and reaffirm U.S. support for international humanitarian law. The legislation would:

- Establish congressional findings regarding the attack that killed Hind Rajab, her family and the paramedics who attempted to rescue her.
- Require the State Department to report on U.S. and Israeli efforts to investigate the attack and hold those responsible accountable.
- Assess compliance with U.S. laws governing assistance to foreign security units implicated in gross human rights violations.
- Require certifications regarding compliance with U.S. war crimes laws and accountability efforts.